

Chacewater School LEAP Curriculum



Class: Bur Oaks	Curriculum Theme: Rivers		Term: Spring 1					
		Sequence of Learning						—
Subject	Intent and links to previous learning	1	2	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	Outcome/Composite
Geography Rivers	Y2: Zambezi River, Zambia, Africa. Y3: South America, Amazon River. Y4 Autumn 2: River Avon, Bath. Intent: Children have a clear understanding of what a river is and its journey.	What is a river and where do we find them?	What are the stages and features of a river?	Field Work: Local River, Carnon River What are the physical characteristics of the River Thames? How does the River Thames shape the surrounding landscape? How does this compare to the Carnon River/ The Truro River?		How do people use rivers ? How are they important to a community?	How are rivers affected by humans? Pollution of the Carnon river by mining. How can flooding affect people?	Be able to explain the journey of a local river from source to sea using the geographical vocabulary learnt and make comparisons to the River Thames. Explain this through creating a model of a river.
Science States of matter The Water Cycle	Y1: shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching Intent: to develop an understanding of states of the matter and the changes of state.	To be able to group materials and understand the three states of matter: Solids, liquids, Gases Identifying, Classifying and Grouping (to ask scientific questions)	TAPS: Cornflour slime - (Observe closely and ask scientific questions)	Do gases weigh anything? (interpret results/draw conclusions)	To understand changes of state: Melting, freezing, evaporating and condensing	How does the level of water in a glass change when left on the windowsill? Observing Over Time (gather/record results)	To understand the main stages in the water cycle: Evaporation; Condensation and Precipitation;	Be able to correctly identify the different states of matter and explain the changing states which make up the water cycle.
PE Unit 3 Cognitive On a line & stance	Building upon the fundamental skills 'on a line' and 'stance' developed throughout the curriculum.	On a line: March, lifting knees a	and elbows up to a 90° and elbows up to a 90° and ees/lifting heels to bot		Stance: stand with good stance and withstand a small force stand with a good stance and raise alternate feet/knees 5 times stand with a good stance and catch a ball at chest height and throw it back			Pupils are able to use apply these fundamental movements skills with confidence, linking movements together in their sport lessons.
Sport Gymnastics unit 1 Social	Using and applying balance and agility fundamental skills. Pupils work collaboratively to explore, create and perform movement sequences.	Static balance with a partner An introduction to partner balances - supporting others	Static balance with a partner To be able to explore a range of partner balances	Static balance with a partner To be able to create and share acrobatic sequences using partner balances	Rotation To be able to explore rotational movement on the floor	Rotation To be able to demonstrate rotational movements with hand apparatus	Rotation To be able to create and share sequences including a jump, roll and balance.	Pupils are able to apply fundamental skills in a gymnastic specific context, showing an aesthetic awareness for their movement when creating and sharing movement sequences.

Music	Learn about notation –	To understand that	To know and	To be able to make	To be able to create	To be able to use	To be able to share	To compose, perform and
	standard written and	'Standard Written	recognise the half-	patterns of one-	more than one	percussion	successes and	record percussion rhythms as
	others. Recap previous work	Notation' is a	beat note: quaver.	beat notes and half-	pattern and play	instruments and	critically evaluate	a group showing an
	on crotchets and rests.	universal way of	Be able to draw it,	beat notes in a bar	them at the same	standard notation to	compositions	understanding of standard
		writing music for	and find it in	of 4, (initially not on	time as others to	compose.		written notation.
		other people to	written music.	the stave). Be able	create layers of	Know how to play		
		read and play		to work as a team to play/clap	rhythm.	together by counting in and following the		
				rhythms together		music.		
ART	Building on the use of	To be able to	To be able to use	To be able to	To be able to make	To be able to use		To be able to apply skills to use
Drawing	pencil, charcoal and chalk to	explore pencil	charcoal and chalk	blending charcoal	an observational	mixed media by		mixed media by combining
	draw lines and create tone	technique to create	to create	and chalks to create	drawing of an	combining painting		painting and drawing to create
	in previous years.	the effects of	contrasting effects	a foggy picture	object (umbrella	and drawing to		a landscape
	To develop skills using a	different weathers	of line, texture and		and sunglasses) to	create a landscape		
	range of media for drawing.		tone to create the		show shape, line			
			effects of different		and texture			
			weathers					
Computing	Previous learning: Floor robots, shape and direction in maths.	To be able to	To be able to write	To be able to	To be able to	To be able to	To be able to	Create programs by planning,
Programming Programming	Intent: Learners will create	program commands	an algorithm in text-	explain what	modify a count-	decompose the	create a program	modifying, and testing
Repetition in shapes - logo	programs by planning, modifying,	using text based	based language to produce a given	'repeat' means	controlled loop to produce a given	programme and use	that uses count- controlled loops to	commands to create shapes
silapes - logo	and testing commands to create shapes and patterns, using a text-	programming language.	outcome		outcome	a procedure	produce a pattern	and patterns.
	based programming language.	ialiguage.	Outcome		Outcome		produce a pattern	
RHSE	Previous learning:	To understand	To be able to	To be able to	To be able to	To be able to identify	Describe how	I understand my rights and
Caring and	responsibilities we have for	some of our rights	identify	explain some of the	describe some of	different roles and	sharing roles and	responsibilities and the links
responsibilities	ourselves and others	and why we have	responsibilities that	consequences of	the rights that	responsibilities	responsibilities	between them.
		them	come with rights	not accepting our	children have under	within families	helps family	
				responsibilities	the UN Convention		relationships	
French	Name and recognise up to	To know how to	To know how to	To know how to	To know how to			Be able to count to 10 in
Unit – Les	ten colours in French.	name (with	name (with	count from 1-5 in	count to			French and name and
couleurs et les nombres	Count from 1-10 in French.	accurate	accurate	French.	ten in French.			recognise ten colours in
Hombres		pronunciation) and	pronunciation) and remember the next					French.
		remember the first five (of a total ten)	five (of a total ten)					
		colours in French.	colours in French.					
		colours in French.	colours in French.					
RE	2.4 GOSPEL: What kind of	To understand the	To understand what	To understand how	To understand the	To know examples of	To know examples	
	world did Jesus want?	Gospel is Good	Jesus' actions	Christians try to	meaning of the	how Christians act to	of how Christians	
		News about Jesus –	towards the leper	show love to all,	Good Samaritan	show that they are	show love to all	
		it tells the story of	might mean for a	including how	story to Christians	following Jesus	and follow Jesus'	
		his life and	Christian	church members			teaching	
		teaching		follow Jesus'				
E enfoto:	Darganal cocumity	To know how	To understand how	teaching To understand how				
E safety	Personal security	To know how others can find out	To understand how	To understand how online and offline				
		information about	personal information can be	identities are				
		me looking online	used by others.	different.				
Reading Opport	unities	THE TOOKING OTHINE	used by others.	different.				
. todding Opport	4.11.100							

