

Religious Education at Chacewater School

Intent	At Chacewater School it is our principal aim of religious education to explore what people believe and what difference this makes to how they live, so that our pupils gain the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to handle questions raised by religion and belief, reflecting on their own ideas and ways of living. Our principle aim is developed through the following points:					
	 Make sense of a range of religious and non-religious beliefs, so that they can: identify, describe, explain and analyse beliefs and concepts in the context of living religions, using appropriate vocabulary explain how and why these beliefs are understood in different ways, by individuals and within communities recognise how and why sources of authority (e.g. texts, teachings, traditions, leaders) are used, expressed and interpreted in different ways, developing skills of interpretation Understand the impact and significance of religious and non-religious beliefs, so that they can: examine and explain how and why people express their beliefs in diverse ways recognise and account for ways in which people put their beliefs into action in diverse ways, in their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world appreciate and appraise the significance of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning Make connections between religious and non-religious beliefs, concepts, practices and ideas studied, so that they can: evaluate, reflect on and enquire into key concepts and questions studied, responding thoughtfully and creatively, giving good reasons for their responses challenge the ideas studied, and allow the ideas studied to challenge their own thinking, articulating beliefs, values and commitments clearly in response discern possible connections between the ideas studied and their own ways of understanding the world, expressing their critical responses and personal reflections with increasing clarity and understanding in line with our whole school Curriculum intent of locality – links are made to faith in Cornwall. 					
Implementation	At Chacewater School, we follow the Cornwall Agreed Syllabus (Kernewek) for RE 2020-2025. Children in EYFS are taught key learning objectives from units taken from the Cornwall Agreed Syllabus which is incorporated in the Early Years curriculum. This ensures that children are starting to draw on some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. KS1 are taught at least 36 hours of RE a year; children in KS2 are taught at least 45 hours of RE a year. The aims of the Cornwall Agreed Syllabus are taught as units of work, half termly. Teachers create lessons using high quality resources such as the Cornwall Agreed Syllabus units of study, supplemented and enriched by the use of plans developed by 'REtoday', 'Understanding Christianity' and 'Natre'. The teaching and learning approach to R.E. at Chacewater has three core elements, as set out in the Cornwall Agreed Syllabus: Making Sense of Beliefs, Making Connections and Understanding the Impact. Where suitable, opportunities will be taken to make links across					

	whole school learning and events such as whole school and class assemblies, the local community, news around the world and the exploration and understanding of British Values. The Curriculum Kernewek syllabus supports the children's understanding of RE and faith in their local Community.
Impact	Chacewater School's religious education curriculum significantly contributes to all children's Spiritual, Moral and Cultural development during their time at primary school. Children will express their understanding of the core concepts of world religions and the rich diversity of beliefs in the United Kingdom. Children will gain knowledge and understanding of religion in the local community and places linked to religion, such as the local church and different faith communities. Children's understanding will be recorded in their Curriculum books and whole class Floor-books.

Assessment in RE at Chacewater

Pre-assessment (before the teaching of a unit)

A carefully selected picture is used to represent a unit of work in a religion. This picture is used throughout the school when building on similar units. This picture will be addressed and discussed throughout the unit to help children build/link their knowledge.

Example of assessment in Year 3

Previous learning - Year 1: God/Creation Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?

Current learning - Year 3: What do Christians learn from the creation story?

Pre-assessment in Year 3



Children will use the picture to retrieve their knowledge learnt from previous units. This can be shown in pictures/singular words (lower years, SEN) and/or sentences sharing what the picture may tell us (KS2).

End of unit assessment (after the teaching of a unit)

Children will finish the unit with the same picture but with key questions. The key questions asked will be taken from the key learning points that will be shown on the knowledge organisers. This will help teachers assess whether they have learnt the key learning from the units.

Example of end of unit assessment in Year 3



Knowledge organiser example: Christianity Year 3

Examples of key questions taken from knowledge organiser

How many days did God create the world in? What did he create on each day? What are the Ten commandments used for? How is the linked to the Creation Story? What does the story of Adam and Eve tell us about God?

Chacewater School – LEAP into Learning – Young Oaks Religious Education: Christianity

Our Learning:



Key Vocabulary: God, Christians, Creator, Bible, creation, forgiveness, sins

<u>'L E A P' Into Religious Education at Chacewater</u>

<u>L</u> ocal	At Chacewater, we celebrate and share a strong connection with our local church and use this throughout the year to support both learning and teaching in our RE curriculum. Throughout the academic year, children have the opportunity to visit our local church to share harvest celebrations and Christmas carol concerts with each other, friends and families. We regularly draw links to our value of kindness and how this link to religions i.e. donating at harvest to the Foodbank. In upper KS2, we also incorporate visiting the Cathedral in Truro as part of our learning, allowing the children to develop their knowledge further.
<u>E</u> ngaging	 Every half term, Religious Education is taught in each year group, allowing children to develop and expand their learning. This enables us to introduce and engage in religions around the world and learn how their beliefs and cultures are celebrated and shared in different places. We aim to celebrate the similarities and differences in each religion, whilst developing an understanding and sharing opinions on the beliefs of each religion. In order to achieve this, Children engage in whole school assemblies where we welcome visitors to discuss religious celebrations such as Holy Week and Christmas, as well as sharing other biblical stories. Children share their knowledge of the importance of Christmas to pupils, staff and families by performing and learning the story of the Nativity. We also develop our understanding of other religions celebrations during whole school assemblies such as the Hindu festival of Diwali. Through our bespoke sequencing, we ensure that children are taught about and exposed to different religions in depth, with a careful choice of high quality learning activities, which are adapted to ensure learners are engaged and co-operating.

<u>A</u> spiring & Ambitious	We explore a diverse range of faiths in our curriculum and celebrate the diversity that exists across each religion taught. We give Children the opportunity to explore four different religions, as well as exploring humanitist's beliefs during their time at Chacewater. They are given the chance to challenge, discuss and answer different enquiry questions, whilst exploring the significance and the impact they had on our lives today.
<u>P</u> owerful & purposeful	Our RE curriculum has been sequenced in a way that allows children to build on their prior knowledge of each religion taught at Chacewater. This is also shown through our assessment strategies where we start a unit with 'show what you know' which allows children to retrieve their knowledge taught in previous units. We also use dual-coding to represent each religion throughout the school. This allows us to have a consistent retrieval of the religions we teach and learn at Chacewater.Throughout the year, children are given the chance to take part in celebrating different cultures and religions by visiting the local church, having visitors in our whole school assemblies and having Key Stage assemblies to highlight religious festivals.

The religions covered at Chacewater School are Hinduism, Christianity, Judaism and Islam. We explore each religion by using three main skills. These are, making sense of the texts used, understanding the impact of these biblical texts and the effects they have, and making links between the biblical texts and the way we live today.

Hinduism	Christianity	Judaism	Islam	Humanists
30	+	XX	Ċ	•
Making sense of the text		 Skills of reading and in Making sense of the m 	terpretation of biblical texts eanings of the texts	
Understanding the impact		 Ways that people resp How people put their b 	ond to biblical texts and teachings peliefs into actions	
<u>Making links</u>	Q		on and connecting texts and concept etween concepts learnt, children's o 'ld.	

	Chacewater School RE Theme Map								
	Autu	mn Term		ng Term	<u>Summer</u>	Term			
<u>EYFS</u>	<u>Christianity</u> Unit F4 Being Special: where do we belong? F4	<u>Christianity</u> Unit F2 INCARNATION: Why do Christians perform Nativity Plays at Christmas?	Christianity, Islam, Judaism Unit F6: What times/stories are special and why? F6	<u>Christianity</u> Unit F3 SALVATION: Why is Easter special to Christians?	<u>Christianity</u> Unit F1 GOD/ CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Christianity, Islam, Judaism Unit F5: What places are special and why?			
<u>Year 1</u>	Christianity Unit 1.2 CREATION: Who Made the World? Harvest	Christianity, Islam, Judaism Unit 1. 10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community?	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 1.1 GOD: What do Christians believe God is Like?	Judaism Unit 1.7 (Part 1) Who is Jewish and how do they live?	Judaism Unit 1.7 (Part 2)Who is Jewish and how do they live?	<u>Christianity and</u> <u>Judaism</u> Unit 1.9 How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter?			
<u>Year 2</u>	Christianity Unit 1.4 GOSPEL: What is the good news Jesus brings?	Christianity Unit 1.3 INCARNATION: Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	Christianity, Islam, Judaism Unit 1.8: What makes some people and places in Cornwall Sacred?	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 1.5 SALVATION: Why does Easter matter to Christians?	Islam Unit 1.6 (Part 1) Who is Muslim and how do they live?	Islam Unit 1.6 (Part 2) Who is Muslim and how do they live?			
<u>Year 3</u>	Christianity Unit 2.1: CREATION/ FALL: What do Christians learn from the creation story?	<u>Hinduism</u> Unit 2.7 What do Hindus believe God is like?	<u>Hinduism</u> Unit 2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 2.5 SALVATION: Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'? Easter	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 2.2 PEOPLE OF GOD: What is it like to follow God?	<u>Christianity, Islam,</u> <u>Judaism</u> Unit 2.12 How and why do religious and non- religious people try to make the world a better place?			
<u>Year 4</u>	Christianity Unit 2.3 INCARNATION/ GOD: What is the Trinity?	Judaism Unit 2.10 How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people?	Christianity Unit 2.4 GOSPEL: What kind of world did Jesus want?	Christianity, Judaism & <u>Hinduism</u> Unit 2.11 How and why do people mark significant events of life?	Christianity Unit 2.6 KINGDOM OF GOD: When Jesus left what was the impact of Pentecost?	Islam Unit 2.9 How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim?			
<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Islam</u>	Christianity Unit 2.3 INCARNATION	<u>Christianity</u>	Judaism	<u>Christianity</u>	<u>Christianity and</u> <u>Humanists</u>			

	Unit 2.8 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah? Christmas	Unit 2.1: GOD: What does it mean if God is Holy and Loving?	Unit 2.9 Why is the Torah so important to Jewish people?	Unit 2.4 GOSPEL: What would Jesus do? How do Christians decide to live?	Unit 2.10 What matters most to Humanists and Christians?
Year 6	<u>r 6</u> <u>Hinduism</u>		<u>Christianity</u>	Christianity	<u>Christianity</u>	Christianity,
	Unit 2.7 Why do Hindus want to be good?		Unit 2.2 CREATION/	Unit 2.5 Salvation What	Unit 2.3 PEOPLE OF	Hinduism and a non
			FALL: Creation & Science –	did Christians believe	GOD: How can following	religious view
			Conflict or	Jesus did to save people?	God bring freedom and	Unit 2.12 Does faith
			Complimentary?		Justice?	help people when life
						gets hard?

			Reception					
	Education it taught an their learning and disc	-		•	n. This allows childre	en to link and share		
Autumn Spring Summer								
<u>Unit</u>	<u>Christianity</u> Unit F4 Being Special: where do we belong? F4	<u>Christianity</u> Unit F2 INCARNATION: Why do Christians perform Nativity Plays at Christmas?	Christianity, Islam, Judaism Unit F6: What times/stories are special and why? F6	Christianity Unit F3 SALVATION: Why is Easter special to Christians?	<u>Christianity</u> Unit F1 GOD/ CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Christianity, Islam, Judaism What places are special and why? F5		
Coverage	This unit is covered by The use of the 'All about me' boxes to share and learn information about each child (C&L/PSED) Looking at where the children live and the focus on families and who the children live with. The use of the baseline assessment – understanding the children/ what do they like to play with	This unit is covered by The learning and understanding of the story of the Nativity. The children will learn the importance of why we share the story of the Nativity at Christmas The children discuss and learn the different people and their roles in the Nativity. Provisions linked to the learning and understanding of the Nativity	This unit is covered by Children will discuss and learn what makes a story special and why they are special. This links to the overarching half term theme focusing on 'all stories are special'.	This unit is covered by Children will discuss the importance of spring and how this links to new life. This links to the curriculum theme of animals and their life cycles. Children look at items used to symbolise Easter such as -hot Cross Buns, with the focus on the cross on the top of the bun. -The use of eggs (chocolate eggs) to show new life	This unit is covered by Children will retrieve and develop their knowledge on the story's learnt from the bible (Nativity) (Easter story), and how God is shown as important.	This unit is covered by Children will look at their local links around them (Chacewater, Cornwall) -Where do we live? -why are the places around us special? Children look at the local beaches around us to link with the half term theme 'Life's a beach'		

	-opportunities for children to retell the story through continuous provision. Children will discuss and learn the importance of the church to Christians. This will incorporate a visit to the local church.				
Vocabulary	bible, Christian, church, precious, nativity, Christmas, God, Bethlehem, Wisemen, Mary, Angel Gabriel, Joseph, Jesus	special	celebration, Easter, Christians, nature, new life, symbols, palm leaves, cross, eggs	Creation story,	

	<u>Year 1</u>							
	Aut	umn	Spr	ing	Summer			
<u>Unit</u> Previous learning	Christianity Unit 1.2 CREATION: Who Made the World? Harvest Reception: Unit F1	<u>Christianity, Islam,</u> <u>Judaism</u> Unit 1. 10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community? Reception: Unit F4	Christianity Unit 1.1 GOD: What do Christians believe God is Like? Reception: Unit F1	Unit 1.7 Who is Jew	aism ish and how do they re?	<u>Christianity and</u> <u>Judaism</u> Unit 1.9 How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter?		
Previous learning	GOD/ CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Being Special: where do we belong? F4	GOD/ CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?					
Sequencing	.What is the story of Creation? .To be able to simply retell the story of creation .What does the story of Creation teach Christians? .To be able to explain what the creation story teaches Christians about God,	Do we all belong to something? To be able to explain what is special and important about belonging to a group that is important to me How do Christians show they belong? -To be able to recognise symbols of belonging for Christians	What is a parable? To be able to explain what parable means. What do stories teach Christians about God? To be able to simply retell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible and explain what Christians might understand about what God is like from this story.	What prayers do Jewish people tell? -To be able to discuss the words of the Shema as a Jewish Prayer What does the Shema teach Jewish people about God? -To be able to identify how Jewish beliefs about God are expressed in the Shema.	What stories are part of Jewish celebrations? To be able to explain the stories used in Jewish celebrations such as Chanukah, Sukkot and Shabbat. What do Jewish people do on Shabbat? To be able to explain what many Jewish people do in the home on Shabbat	What do Christian, O Jewish and non- religious people believe about caring for people? To be able to explain what different religions believe about caring for people. How do some religious and non-religious people show that they care for people? To be able to describe how different religious and non-religious people show that they care for people?		



		love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christians and Jews)			
<u>Vocabulary</u>	Harvest, creator, creation, world, Christians, grace, Jews	groups, communities, symbols, belonging, Christianity, Jews, baptism, dedication, ceremony, promises, ketubah, wedding	Bible, parable, Christians, love, forgiveness, sorry, prayers	God, Torah, Shema, pra Chanukah, celebrations stories, home, objects	

<u>Year 2</u>								
	Aut	umn	Spi	ring	Sum	Summer		
<u>Unit</u>	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 1.4 GOSPEL: What is the good news Jesus brings?	Christianity Unit 1.3 INCARNATION: Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	Christianity, Islam, Judaism Unit 1.8: What makes some people and places in Cornwall Sacred?	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 1.5 SALVATION: Why does Easter matter to Christians?	Islam Unit 1.6 (Part 1) Who is Muslim and how do they live?	Islam Unit 1.6 (Part 2) Who is Muslim and how do they live?		
Previous learning	Year 1: Unit 1.1 GOD: What do Christians believe God is Like?	Reception: Unit F2 INCARNATION: Why do Christians perform Nativity Plays at Christmas?	Reception Unit F5: What places are special and why?	Reception: Unit F3 SALVATION: Why is Easter special to Christians?				
Sequencing	What did Jesus' good news mean for Matthew in the Bible story? To be able to understand simple accounts of what Bible texts (such as the story of Matthew the tax collector) mean to Christians. What might a Christian say was the good news that Jesus	What is the story of the birth of Jesus? To be able to give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth Why is Jesus important? -To be able to explain why Jesus is important for Christians	Which places are important to me?Where is a sacred place for believers to go?To be able talk about why some people like to belong to a sacred building or a sacred for sacred for Christians?	What happened during Holy Week? -To be able to recall stories of Holy Week and Easter from the bible and link it with the idea of Salvation. How does the events in the 'Big Story' link to Spring? To be able to discuss the links between the 'big story' and new	What do people think about God? What do Muslims think about God? To be able to explain what people think about God and what Muslims think about God.	Who is the Prophet Muhammad? Why is the Prophet Muhammad important to Muslims? What can people learn from Muslims holy words? What difference does worshipping God make to Muslims?		

broug		How does the story	To be able to identify	life that comes in		
Matth		of the Nativity guide	a belief about	spring.	What was Prophet	
	e able to explore	Christians at	worship		Muhammad?	
	Jesus saw in the	Christmas?	and a belief about	How do the words	To be able to identify	
	s of some of his	-To be able to discuss	God,	'incarnation' and	who the Prophet	
discip	oles .	the word 'advent'	connecting these	'salvation' link to the	Muhammad was and	
		and how it is linked	beliefs simply to	Story of Easter?	why he is important	
	ະ do many ແລະ	to the lead up to	a place of worship	-To be able to discuss	to Muslims.	
What	<u>do many</u> ليكينا	Christmas		the meaning of the	What can people	
	tians believe is ood news that		Which place of	words 'Incarnation'	learn about Muslim	
	brings about		worship is sacred for	and 'Salvation' 📺	holy words?	
	/eness?	How does the story	Jewish people?	and 'Salvation'	To be able to	
	e able to discuss	of the Nativity guide			understand what	
	nportance of	Christians at	-To be able to give	How did Jesus's	people can learn	
	veness	Christmas?	examples of stories,	followers feel during	from Muslim holy	
		-To be able to discuss	objects,	Holy Week?	words	
		the importance of	symbols and actions	-To be able to discuss		
What	t do many	light and why this	used in	the emotions of	What difference	
	tians believe is	represents Christmas	synagogues which	Jesus' followers	does worshipping	
	ood news that		show what	during Holy Week.	God make to	
	brings about		people believe	×00 ⁴	Muslims?	
peace		How does the theme		<u>j</u> en	To be able to explain	
	able to discuss	thankfulness link to	Which place of		what difference	
	nportance of	the Christmas story?	worship is sacred for	How does the idea of	worshipping God	
	e and how	To be able to discuss	Muslims?	<u>'new life' link to</u>	makes to Muslims.	
peopi	le show peace א ס ¥	what different people		Easter Sunday?		
		in the Nativity story	-To be able to give	To be able to connect		
	might 7 K	may be thankful for.	simple examples of	the idea of eggs, new		
	tians do to	Ô	how	life and the belief in		
	w the life of		people worship at a	Jesus's resurrection.		
	and bring	How do Christians	mosque.			
	l news' to	show kindness and				
peopl		generosity at	How are places of			
	e able to discuss	Christmas?	worship similar and			
	Churches can	-To be able to discuss	different? Why are			
share	Jesus's 'good	the meaning behind	places of worship			

	news' within the community How might Christians prayer link to ging sorry and forgiveness? -To be able to discuss how Christians use pray to ask for forgiveness and peace from God	giving gifts at Christmas.	important to our community? -To be able to talk about what makes some places special to people, and what the difference is between religious and non-religious special places.	How do Christians celebrate Holy Week in church? To be able to explore how churches celebrate different parts of Holy Week at Easter and how they connect with the events in the story.	
<u>Vocabulary</u>	gospel, forgiveness, peace, New Testament, friendship, good	incarnation, Christmas, decorations, advent, Christians, Gabriel, Mary, Bethleman, manger, angels, shepherds, baby, Jesus	sacred, holy, respect, precious, belongings, church, synagogue, mosque, symbols, worship	salvation, incarnation, Holy Week, Easter, emotions, Jesus, Friday, Sunday, eggs, resurrection, Palm Sunday, Good Friday, Easter Sunday, celebrations	

	<u>Year 3</u>								
	Aut	umn	Sp	ring	Sum	imer			
<u>Unit</u>	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 2.1:	<u>Hinduism</u> Unit 2.7 What do	Hinduism Unit 2.8 What does	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 2.5	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 2.2 PEOPLE	<u>Christianity, Islam,</u> Judaism			
	CREATION/ FALL: What do Christians learn from the creation story?	Hindus believe God is like?	it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	SALVATION: Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'? Easter	OF GOD: What is it like to follow God?	Unit 2.12 How and why do religious and non-religious people try to make the world a better place?			
Previous Learning	Reception: Unit F1 GOD/ CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Year 1: Christianity, Islam, Judaism Unit 1. 10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community? <u>-Diwali</u>	Year 3: Unit 2.7 What do Hindus believe God is like?	Reception: Unit F3 SALVATION: Why is Easter special to Christians? Year 2: Unit 1.5 SALVATION: Why does Easter matter to Christians?					

Sequencing	What is the story of	What do Hindu	How do Hindus show			
	Creation?	symbols and stories	their faith at home?	What happened	What covenant did	What's wrong with
	To be able to recall	show about belief in	To be able to identify	during Holy Week?	God and Noah	the world?
	what happens in the	Brahman?	the terms dharma,		make?	
	Creation Story	-To be able to make	Sanatan Dharma and	To be able to recall		To be able identify
		links between the	Hinduism	the importance of the	To be able to make	some beliefs about
		story of Svetaketu	and say what they	events in Holy Week	clear links between	why the world is no
	How were humans	and what Hindus	mean	and what they mean	the story of Noah	always a good place
	asked to look after	believe about		to Christians.	and the idea of	
	the Earth?	Brahman			covenant	ya, ya,
	To understand how		How do Hindus show	How do Christians		How can the 'Golde
	God instructed	What can we find	their faith at home?	mark Easter events?		Rule' help people t
	humans to look after	out about Hindu	l vor		What can we learn	work out how to
	the Earth	ideas about Brahman	To be able to	-To be able to make	from the biblical	make the world a
		from looking at	understand ways in	simple links between	story of Noah and	better place?
	What is the	images of deities?	which Hindus	the Gospel accounts	the Arc?	
	importance of the	-To be able to	worship in the home	and how Christians	To be able to	To be able to make
	story of Adam and	identify some Hindu		mark the Easter	explain the	links between ideas
	Eve?	deities and say how	How do Hindus show	events in their	similarities	about the 'Golden
	To understand what	they help Hindus	their faith when	communities.	between the story	Rule' and different
	the story of Adam	describe God. 🖉	they're together?	jeg j	of Noah and how	religious beliefs
	and Eve might show				we live in school	
	about human nature	What does the	-To be able to	How do different	and the wider	
	and how humans	Trimurti represent?	describe how Hindus	Churches celebrate	world	Repairing the world
	should act	-To be able suggest	show their	the events in Holy	fronta fronta	rescuing the Earth:
		ideas about the	faith in bhajans at the	Week?		what can we learn
		importance of the	mandir boot			from this Jewish
	How and why do	cycle of	j de la companya de la company	-To be able to explain	M/het weekses de	idea?
	Christians pray to	create/preserve/deat	How do Hindus show	what different	What promises do	
	God?	h in the world	their faith when	churches do on Palm	Christians make at a	To be able to explai
	To be able to discuss	C ²	they're together?	Sunday, Good Friday	wedding ceremony?	how do Jewish
	how the Ten	What do Hindu		and Easter Sunday		people try to make
	Commandments and	deities show about	-To be able to	and how Christians	To be able to make	the world a better
	asking for forgiveness	Brahman?	describe how Hindus	may feel on these	simple links	place
	impacts the lives of	-To be able to	show their	days.	between promises	E=b ≥ok
	Christians	investigate a number		ן רשיג	in the story of	Q jar

	How and why do Christians pray to God? To be able to explain the best way for Christians to admit they are wrong and ask for forgiveness. What part of the Creation Story is important to Christians and people who aren't Christian? To be able to suggest what might be important in the creation story and explain why we think that.	of statues and pictures of Gods and Goddesses to find out what they show about the nature of God. How do Hindus show worshin eir homes? -To be able explain the importance of a puja tray How does the Diwali story link to a Hindu deity? -To be able to explore the story of Rama and Sita and the link to the celebration of Diwali.	faith in festivals such as Diwali How do Hindus celebrate Diwali today? -To be able to identify some different ways in which Hindus show their faith (e.g. between different communities in Britain, or between Britain and parts of India) What is it like to be a Hindu in Britain today? -To understand where are Hindus in Britain and why they decide to settle here	What emotions do Christians show in Holy Week? -To be able to explore how Palm Sunday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday provoke hope, sadness and joy. Why is Good Friday referred to as 'Good'? To be able to share thoughtful suggestions on why do Christians call the day their king died 'Good' Friday. What does Salvation' mean? To be able to explain the word 'Salvation' and how this links to the belief that Jesus saved or rescued people by showing them how to live.	Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony	Who is inspired by Jesus' example of sacrifice?To be able to understand some teachings of Jesus and the ways inspirational Christians have tried to follow him Christians have tried to make the world a better place?To be able to explain how do non-religious people try to make the world a better place
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Vocabulary	creator, creation,	Aum, Brahman,	Hinduism, dharma,	Salvation, Holy Week,	covenant, Noah,	
	God, Christians, Non-	deities, Vishnu, Shiva,	murtis, deities, puja	Mary, Palm Sunday,	Abrahman, faith,	
	Christians,	symbol, Saraswati,	tray, temple, mandir,	Good Friday, Easter	God, rules, follow	
	forgiveness, sins	Lakshmi, Parvati,	rituals, prayer,	Sunday, Jesus,		
		death, rebirth,	bhajans, prashad,	Christians, Churches,		
		crestor, preserver,	Diwali, Lakshmi,	hope, sadness, joy		
		destroyer, Ganesh,	Rama, Sita, festival			
		Rama, Sita, Diwali,				
		puja tray				

	Year 4								
	Aut	umn	Sp	ring	Sum	Summer			
<u>Unit</u>	Christianity	<u>Judaism</u>	Christianity	<u>Christianity,</u>	<u>Christianity</u>	<u>Islam</u>			
	Unit 2.3	Unit 2.10 How do	Unit 2.4 GOSPEL:	<u>Hinduism &</u>	Unit 2.6 KINGDOM	Unit 2.9 How do			
	INCARNATION/	festivals and family	What kind of world	Judaism	OF GOD: When	festivals and			
	GOD: What is the	life show what	did Jesus want?	Unit 2.11 How and	Jesus left what was	worship show what			
	Trinity?	matters to Jewish		why do people	the impact of	matters to a			
		people?		mark the significant	Pentecost?	Muslim?			
				events of life?					
Previous learning	Baptism should have		Year 2: Unit 1.4	Prior learning links to		Year 2: Islam Unit			
	been introduced in		GOSPEL: What is the	baptism in		1.6 (Part 1) Who is			
	units:		good news Jesus	Christianity.		Muslim and how do			
	Reception: Unit F4		brings?			they live?			
	Being Special: where								
	do we belong?								
	Year 1: Unit 1. 10								
	What does it mean to								
	belong to a faith								
	community?								

	Year 2: Unit 1.8:					
	What makes some					
	people and places in					
	Cornwall Sacred?					
Sequencing	What does water	Why do Jewish	What does the word	Why do we consider	What happens in	What are the key
	symbolise to	people celebrate	'Gospel' mean to	life as a journey?	Holy Week?	beliefs about God
	Christians?	Rosh Hashanah?	Christians?	To be able to consider	To know the Bible	in Islam?
	-To understand why	To understand the	To understand that	life as a journey and	story of Jesus'	
	water is used as a	Jewish festival of	'Gospel' is Good	the significant events/	death (Easter Holy	
	symbol in Christianity	Rosh Hashanah	News about Jesus	milestones we mark	week) Revision	What are the core
			and tells us his	(non-religious).		
			teachings.	R	O	practices of Islam?
					What events took	
	What events take	Why do Jewish			place during Jesus'	
	place during a	people celebrate	How do people show	Why are infant	resurrection?	
	baptism?	Yom Kippur?	their devotion to	baptism and	To know the Bible	What is the Qur'an
	-To know what		Jesus?	believer's baptism		and where do
	happens in a modern	To understand the	-To be able to make	important?	story of Jesus'	Muslim people
	baptism and why	Jewish festival of	clear links between	-To understand the	resurrection	worship?
		Yom Kippur	the calling of the first	meaning and	Revision	
			disciples and how	importance Christian		
			Christians today try	ceremonies of		
	How was Jesus		to follow Jesus.	commitment e.g	Why is the story of	
	baptised?	Why do Jewish	Ŕ	Infant baptism and	the Pentecost	
	-To know what the	people celebrate		Believers' Baptism	significant for	Why is prayer
	bible tells us about	Passover?	How does Jesus		Christians?	significant in Islam?
	the baptism of Jesus	To understand the	treat outcasts?		To understand the	
		Jewish festival of	-To understand what		story of the	
		Pesach (Passover)	Jesus' actions	Why are the	Pentecost	
			towards outcasts,	ceremonies of Bar		
	How is God		mean for a Christian. ↘ o ৺	Mitzvah and bat		Why do Muslims
	represented in art?	Why are		Mitzvah important?		fast?
		commandments and		-To understand the	Why do Christians	¥ Q K
	-To be able to explore the similarities and	blessings important		meaning and	believe Jesus is a	
		to Jewish people?		importance of Jewish	king?	א ^{נ⊥⊔} ג
	differences of how			ceremonies of		



Vocabulary	Chrisitan, baptism,	Judaism, festivals,	Jesus, Gospel,	love, commitment,	
	Gospel, Jesus, Trinity,	Rosh Hashanah,	disciples, outcasts,	promises, milestones,	
	Holy Spirit,	shofar, tashlich,	church	community,	
	symbolism, God,	atonement, fasting,		ceremonies,	
	incarnation	forgiveness,		Christians, Hindus,	
		repentance,		Jews, forgiveness,	
		salvation,		salvation, freedom,	
		deliverance, Pesach,		marriage, baptism	
		Ten Commandments,			
		Talmud, Siddur,			
		gratitude,			

			Yea	ar 5		
	Aut	umn	Spi	Spring		mer
<u>Unit</u>	Islam Unit 2.8 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	<u>Christianity</u> Unit 2.3 INCARNATION Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah?	Christianity Unit 2.1: GOD: What does it mean if God is Holy and Loving?	Judaism Unit 2.9 Why is the Torah so important to Jewish people?	Christianity Unit 2.4 GOSPEL: What would Jesus do? How do Christians decide to live?	<u>Christianity and</u> <u>Humanists</u> Unit 2.10 What matters most to Humanists and Christians?
Previous learning	Year 2: Unit 1:6 Who is Muslim and how do they live? Year 4: Unit 2.9 How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim?	Christmas Year 2: Unit 1.3 INCARNATION: Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	Year 1: Unit 1.1 GOD: What do Christians believe God is Like?	Year 1: Unit 1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live? Year 4: Unit 2.10 How do festivals and family life show what matters	Year 2: Unit 1.4 GOSPEL: What is the good news Jesus brings? Year 4: Unit 2.4 GOSPEL: What kind of world did Jesus want?	
Sequencing	How many Muslims and how many mosques are there in Britain? To be able to discuss how many Muslims there are in Cornwall, the UK and the world	What kind of saviour did the people of God want? -To understand why the people of God wanted a saviour	What do people expect from a God? To understand the key qualities of a God	to Jewish people? Who is Jewish? To recognise the difference between Orthodox and Progressive Jews	What do Gospels teach Christians? To be able to identify features of Gospel texts	What matters most to Humanists and to Christians? to understand that everyone has a worldview
	How might the five pillars affect the lives of Muslims in Britain today?-To be able to describe the five pillars of Islam	What does the Bible say about the Messiah? -To understand what the Bible predicted about the Messiah	represented in the Bible? - To be able to make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God	What do Jews believe about God? -To be able to identify and explain Jewish beliefs about God in 'the Sherma'	Jesus give in the Sermon on the Mount? To understand that Christians and some non-Christians try to	Who is a Humanist? to understand the term, Golden Rule What codes for living do non-religious people use?



			To understand why Christians, believe their God to be both holy and loving	synagogues, one Orthodox and one Progressive, discussing their similarities and differences.	To consider the value and importance of being generous with time and money and giving to/working for a charity	
Vocabulary	Sunni, Shi'a, Sufi, mosques, ibadah, Shahadah, salat, sawn, zakah, Haji, Five pillars, Eid-ul- Adha, Holy Qur'an, Sunnah, Hadith, prophet, muslim	incarnation, Trinity, saviour, Messiah, Old Testament, Christmas, Jewish, Christianity, Christians	divine, God, traditional, contemporary, cathedral, holy, loving, holiness, humanist	communities, Sema, mezuzah, God, tefillin, commandments, Torah, siddur, law, Orthodox, Progressive, synagogues		Humanist, Non- religious, Belief, Moral, Golden rule, Humanism, Worldview, Christian, Values, Authority

<u>Year 6</u>							
	Autumn	Spring		Summer			
<u>Unit</u>	<u>Hinduism</u>	<u>Christianity</u>	Christianity	<u>Christianity</u>	<u>Christianity,</u>		
		Unit 2.2 CREATION/	Unit 2.5	Unit 2.3 PEOPLE	Hinduism and a		
			Salvation What	OF GOD: How	non religious		
			did Christians	can following	<u>view</u>		

	Unit 2.7 Why do Hindus want to be good?	FALL: Creation & Science – Conflict or Complimentary?	believe Jesus did to save people?	God bring freedom and Justice?	Unit 2.12 Does faith help people when life gets hard?
<u>Previous</u> <u>learning</u>	Year 3: Unit L2.7 What do Hindus believe God is like?	Year 3: Unit L2.1: CREATION/ FALL: What do Christians learn from the creation story?	Reception: Unit F3 SALVATION: Why is Easter special to Christians? Year 2: Unit 1.5 SALVATION: Why does Easter matter to Christians? Year 3: Unit 2.5 SALVATION: Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?		Year 5: Christianity and Humanists Unit 2.10 What matters most to Humanists and Christians?
Sequencing	What is Brahman? To be able to recall prior learning from the 'What do Hindus believe God is like?' unit and then explain what Brahman is. What is atman? What can be learned about atman through a Hindu story? - To know what the Mahabharata is and recognise what it teaches us about life	What do Christianslearn from the creation story?To be able to identify and discuss the key message in the Christian Creation StoryChristian Creation StoryImage: Whether the story of creation link to the Big Bang and Evolution theories? To be able to	What does sacrifice mean? To understand what is meant by sacrifice empathise with how Christians feel about Jesus' death How does the Gospel of Mark describe Holy Week?	What can we learn about the story of the Exodus in the Bible? To explore the story of Moses, identify the suffering and hardship that the Hebrews went through yet remained faithful	What is life like? Exploring the ups and downs. To be able to make clear connections between what people believe about God and how they respond to challenges in life





<u>Vocabulary</u>	Brahman, karma, dharma, samsara, moksha, Mahabharata, death, rebirth, reincarnation, punusharthas, artha, ashramas, ahimsa, satya	creation, cosmology, evolution, science, Genesis, astrophysicist, conflicting, complementary, God	Gospels, Judas, betrayal, arrest, Peter. Denial. crucifixion, death, burial, resurrection, God, Jesus, sacrifice, salvation, Christian, martyr	People of God, Children of Israel, Freedom, Justice, Moses, Exodus, Slavery, Egypt, Pharoah, Rescue
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